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(12) BREVET CANADIEN
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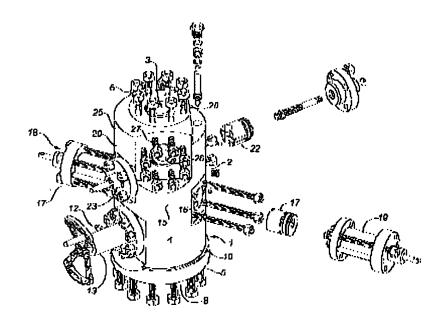
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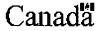
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(51) Title: DISPOSITIF DE POMPAGE COMPOSE MUNI D'UNE VANNE D'ARR T INTEGREE (54) Tide: COMPOSITE PUMPINC TREE WITH INTEGRAL SHUT-OFF VALVE



grig Abrégé/Abstract. A unitary pumping tree is provided for forming part of a wellhead assembly Christmas tree. The tree integrates a bottom connector, shut off valve, hydraulically aduated blow out preventer, mechanically actuated blow out preventer to provide the connector.



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FIELD OF THE INVENTION

2	The present invention relates to a composite pumping tree for use in a
3	production wellhead assembly. The tree is formed using a unitary steel body
4	The body has appropriate side openings for integrating a shut-off valve, blow-
5	out preventer and flow tee with bottom and top connectors, to form the free.
3	The bottom connector is adapted to connect with a tubing head and the top
7	connector is adapted to connect with an upper segment of a production
В	christmas tree, of which the composite tree forms a lower part.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The present invention has to do with wellhead equipment used in connection with pumping oil wells. More particularly, as previously stated, it relates to a composite pumping tree. By "composite" is meant that the functional components referred to herein as top and bottom connectors, shut-off valve, production blow-out preventer and flow tee are integrated into a single steel body. The term "pumping tree" is used to generically encompass the body or housing, its component openings, its axial fluid flow bore and the functional components if they are mounted in the body openings.

For many years, a typical conventional production wellhead assembly for a pumping well was as shown in Figure 1 and comprised, from the bottom up: a flanged casing bowl attached to the well casing; a flanged tubing head having an internal hanger from which the well tubing string was suspended; a tubing head adapter having a flanged connection at its bottom end and a threaded connection of smaller diameter at its top end; a production blow-out preventer ("B.O.P.") body having top and bottom threaded connections and

CA 01180581 1999-08-10

1	including side openings for receiving the B.O.P. rain components; a flow tee
2	body having a threaded or flanged side opening for connecting with a flow
3	line; and additional components (not shown), such as a polish rod stuffing box
4	and the rotary drive assembly for rotating the well's rod string to power a
5	downhole progressive cavity pump. (The overall assembly extending up from
8	the top of the tubing head to the drive assembly is commonly referred to as
7	the production christmas tree.)
8	The production christmas free, as described in the previous personal

The production christmas tree, as described in the previous paragraph, is designed for use in connection with a pumping well. Since the tree is subjected only to relatively low pressure in service, its parts are relatively thinwalled.

·15

There are some pumping wells which, when shut in, can build up significant pressure at the wellhead due to the presence of gas in the produced fluid. When the rod string is pulled from the well, to service the downhole pump, it would be desirable to have a gate valve in place between the tubing head and the production tree, to provide a positive and reliable shut-off.

In the case of a naturally flowing well, where greater pressures would be expected, one or more high pressure shut-off valves are stacked between the tubing head and the flow fee and the production B.O.P. is usually not included.

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	4
15	progressive cavity pump; and
24	the christmas tree for rotating the rod string of a downhole
23	e vibrating offset rotary drive assembly is mounted on the top end of
22	functional components. This is particularly useful in the case where
21	removing the threaded or flanged connections between the
20	 the unitary tree is significantly shorter and stronger as a result of
19	particularly:
18	The '584 free has been characterized by certain advantages, more
17	consistent thickness.
16	outer configuration, thereby ensuring a relatively thick body side wall of
15	In a preferred form, the generally tubular '584 tree has a generally cylindrical
14	section of the christmas tree (typically with the stuffing box).
13	 a top connector sized and designed to connect with the upper
12	means for connecting with a flow line; and
11	 a flow tee housing section forming a side opening and providing
10	axial bore, for receiving the ram components of a B.O.P.;
9	 a B.O.P, housing section forming side openings connecting with the
8	and seal with the top connection of the tubing head;
7	 a bottom connector or connection sized and designed to connect
6	further comprising, from the bottom up:
5	single steel body or structure forming an axial vertical fluid flow bore and
4	B.O.P. and flow tee into a unitary structure or tree by forging or casting a
3	More particularly this patent teaches integrating the tubing head adapter.
2	Canadian Patent 2,197,584, issued July 7, 1998 to the present applicant.
·1	A recent improvement in the production wellhead art is disclosed in

 the thick side wall of the cylindrical body is amenable to drilling additional openings from the side, for example for insertion of an instrumentation string to measure bottom hole temperature or pressure. This feature permits the tree to be customized to meet the particular needs of a customer.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In accordance with the invention, the tree body of the '584 patent has been lengthened and formed to provide an additional side opening, beneath the B.O.P. openings, for receiving a shuf-off valve. Thus a shuf-off valve and a production B.O.P. are combined in a pumping tree to provide a shuf off capability whether the rod string is parted at the polish rod or not.

While a typical 2-9/16 inch shut-off gate valve having flanged connections might have a length in the order of 16.6 inches, we find that the same valve components, when mounted into the tree body opening, will add only about 6 inches to the body length. The resulting composite pumping tree is still short enough and strong enough to permit a rod string rotary drive assembly to be mounted and operated thereon satisfactorily.

In a preferred embodiment, the blow-out preventer used immediately above the shut-off valve is hydraulically operated. This has led to a problem because the B.O.P. operator (which protrudes externally of the body) and shut-off valve hand wheel can interfere if stacked directly above each other. This difficulty has been resolved by staggering or relatively off-setting them about the perimeter of the body.

CA 01280581 1999-08-10

1	As a final preferred addition, the tree body can be formed to provide a
2	second pair of opposed B.O.P. component openings above the first pair and
3	beneath the flow tee opening. The ram components of a manually operated
4	B.O.P. are mounted into these openings. The resulting composite pumping
5	free is still sufficiently short and strong enough to permit a rod string rotary
6	drive assembly to be mounted and operated thereon satisfactorily.
7	
8	DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS
9	Figure 1 is a side view of a wellhead for a pumping well comprising a
10	conventional pumping tree formed of interconnected separate functional
11	components;
12	Figure 2 is a perspective view of a pumping tree in accordance with the
13	present invention, with some of the component parts expladed to show their
14	detail. The tree comprises a bottom connector for connection with a tubing
15	head, a shut-off valve, a hydraulic production B.O.P., a manual production
16	B.O.P., a flow tee and a top connector for connection with a stuffing box (not
17	shown);
. 18	Figure 3 is a side view of the assembled tree of Figure 2;
19	Figure 4 is a top plan view of the tree of Figure 2;
20	Figure 5 is a side sectional view showing the body of the tree of Figure
21	2 with the functional components removed, with all bores/openings shown on
22	same orientation for simplicity;
23	Figure 5a is a plan view taken along the line A—A of Figure 5, showing
24	the integral hydraulic line of the hydraulic B.O.P.;
	6

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1	Figure 6 is a side sectional view showing a bleeder valve and
2	passageway for monitoring pressure between the hydraulic and manual
3	B.O.P.'s;
4	Figure 7 is a side sectional view showing the body of a tree employing
5	only a single B.O.P.; and
6	Figure 8 is a side view showing the tree of Figure 2 incorporated into a
7	wellhead assembly.
8	
9	DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT
10	The pumping tree 1 comprises an integral body 2 formed as a single
11	piece of steet. It is generally tubular, having an axial, vertical fluid flow bore
12	extending therethrough. It is also generally cylindrical externally to provide
13	body side wall 4 of generally consistent thickness, having a wa
14	thickness/bore diameter ratio in the range of 1 to 1 or greater.
15	The body 2 has a bottom connector 5 for connection with the flanged
16	top connection 6 of a tubing head 7. The bottom connector 5 is shown as a
17	studded down connection. However it can be a flanged connection, clamp-
18	hub connection or rotatable flange connection as well. The face B of the
19	connector 5 forms a seal ring groove 9 extending around the bore 3, so that
20	when a seal ring (not shown) is inserted and the connector 5 is tightened
21	against the tubing head connection 6, a fluid tight seal is obtained.

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1	A valve housing section 10 extends up from and is integral with the
2	bottom connector 4. The section 10 forms a body cavity or opening 11 for
3	receiving a conventional gate valve 12. The opening 11 communicates with
4	the bore 3. The gate valve 12 is operative to open or close the bore 3, as
5	required. Its hand wheel and bonnet assembly 13 protrude externally of the
6	body 2.
7	A first B.O.P. housing section 15 extends up from and is integral with
8	the valve housing section 10. The B.O.P. housing section 15 forms
9	diametrically aligned or opposed side openings 16 communicating with the
10	hore 3. The side openings 18 are formed to receive the ram assembly
11	components 17 of a conventional hydraulically actuated B.O.P. 18. The
12	operator 19 of the B.O.P. 18 protrudes externally of the body 2.
13	The valve housing opening 11 and B.O.P. openings 18 are offset or
14	staggered so that the hand wheel and bonnet assembly 13 and B.O.P.
15	operator 19 do not interfere.
16	A second B.O.P. housing section 20 extends up from and is integral
17	with the first B.O.P. housing section 15. The housing section 20 forms
18	diametrically opposed side openings 21 communicating with the bore 3. The
19	side openings 21 are formed to receive the ram assembly components 22 of a
20	conventional mechanically actuated B.O.P. 23.
<u>2</u> 1	The second B.O.P. openings 21 are offset relative to the first B.O.P.
22	openings 16.

1	A flow tee housing section 25 extends up from and is integral with the
2	second B.O.P. housing section 20. The flow tee housing section 25 forms
3	opposed side openings 26 communicating with the bore 3. Each of the side
4	openings 26 are shown having a studded connector 27 for connection with a
5	flow line (not shown), through which well fluid is produced.
6	An internally threaded, studded top connector 28 extends up from and
7	is integral with the flow tee housing section 25, for connection with the stuffing
8	box.
9	From the foregoing it will be seen that by integrating functional
10	components into a one-piece body and off-setting the body cavities, we have
11	been able to incorporate a shut-off valve in combination with two B.O.P.'s into
12	the pumping tree without exceeding an acceptable wellhead height.
13	In another feature, an integral bleeder valve system is provided in the
14	body side wall to test whether the bottom 8.0.P. 18 is leaking and to return
15	leaking fluid to the bore 3. More particularly, a passageway 30 extends from
16	the bore 3 from a point between the B.O.P.'s 16, 23 and connects back with
17	the bare above the second B.O.P. 23. A port 31 leads from the passageway
18	30 to the outer surface 32 of the body 2. A pressure gauge (not shown) can
19	be attached at the port 31 to monitor pressure in the passageway 30. A
20	second port 33 connects with the passageway 30 from the body surface 32
21	and a needle valve 34 is positioned therein to open or close the passageway.
22	As previously mentioned, any of a variety of known connections can be
23	substituted for the studded connections shown in the drowings

1	THE EMBODIMENTS OF THE INVENTION IN WHICH AN EXCLUSIVE
2	PROPERTY OR PRIVILEGE IS CLAIMED ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
3	
4	 A pumping free for use in a production wellhead assembly, comprising,
5	in sequence from the bottom to the top:
6	a body formed as a single piece of steel and forming a vertical bore
7	extending axially therethrough, said body comprising:
8	a bottom connector for connecting with the top connection of a tubing
9	head,
10	a valve housing section forming a side opening, communicating with the
11	bore, for receiving a valve for controlling fluid flow through the bore,
12	a first blow-out preventer housing section forming opposed side openings,
13	communicating with the bore, for receiving ram assemblies of a blow-out
14	preventer,
1 5	a flow tee housing section forming at least one side opening,
16	communicating with the bore, for producing well fluid, and
17	a top connector for connecting to an upper segment of a christmas tree.
18	
19	2. The pumping free as set forth in claim 1 wherein:
20	at least two of the valve housing section opening, blow-out preventer
21	housing section openings and flow tee opening are staggered around the
22	periphery of the housing.
	10
	10

1	The pumping tree as set forth in claim 2 wherein:
2	the body is generally cylindrical in configuration and thick-walled to
3	provide a wall thickness/bore diameter ratio in the range of 1 to 1.
4	
5	4. The pumping tree as set forth in claim 3 comprising:
6	a shut-off valve positioned in the opening of the valve housing section;
7	blow-out preventer components operatively positioned in the openings of
8	the first blow-out preventer housing section; and
9	means for securing a flow line to the flow tee housing section at the
0	section's opening for removing produced well fluid.
1	
12	5. The pumping tree as set forth in claim 2 wherein the body comprises:
3	a second blow-out preventer housing section positioned between the first
4	blow-out preventer housing section forming opposed side openings,
15	communicating with the bore, for receiving the ram assemblies of a blow-out
16	preventer.

1	6. The pumping tree as set forth in claim 5 comprising:
2	a shut-off valve positioned in the opening of the valve housing section;
3	hydraulically operated blow-out preventer components operatively
4	positioned in the openings of the first blow-out preventer housing section;
5	mechanically operated blow-out preventer components operatively
6	positioned in the openings of the second blow-out preventer housing section; and
7	means for securing a flow line to the flow tee housing section at the
8	section's opening for removing produced well fluid.
9	·
0	7. The pumping tree as set forth in claim 6 wherein:
1	the body is generally cylindrical in configuration and thick-walled to
2	provide a wall thickness/bore diameter ratio in the range of 1 to 1.

FIG. 1 (Prior Art) FLOW TEE B.O.P. TUBING HEAD **ADAPTOR TUBING HEAD** CASING BOWL



